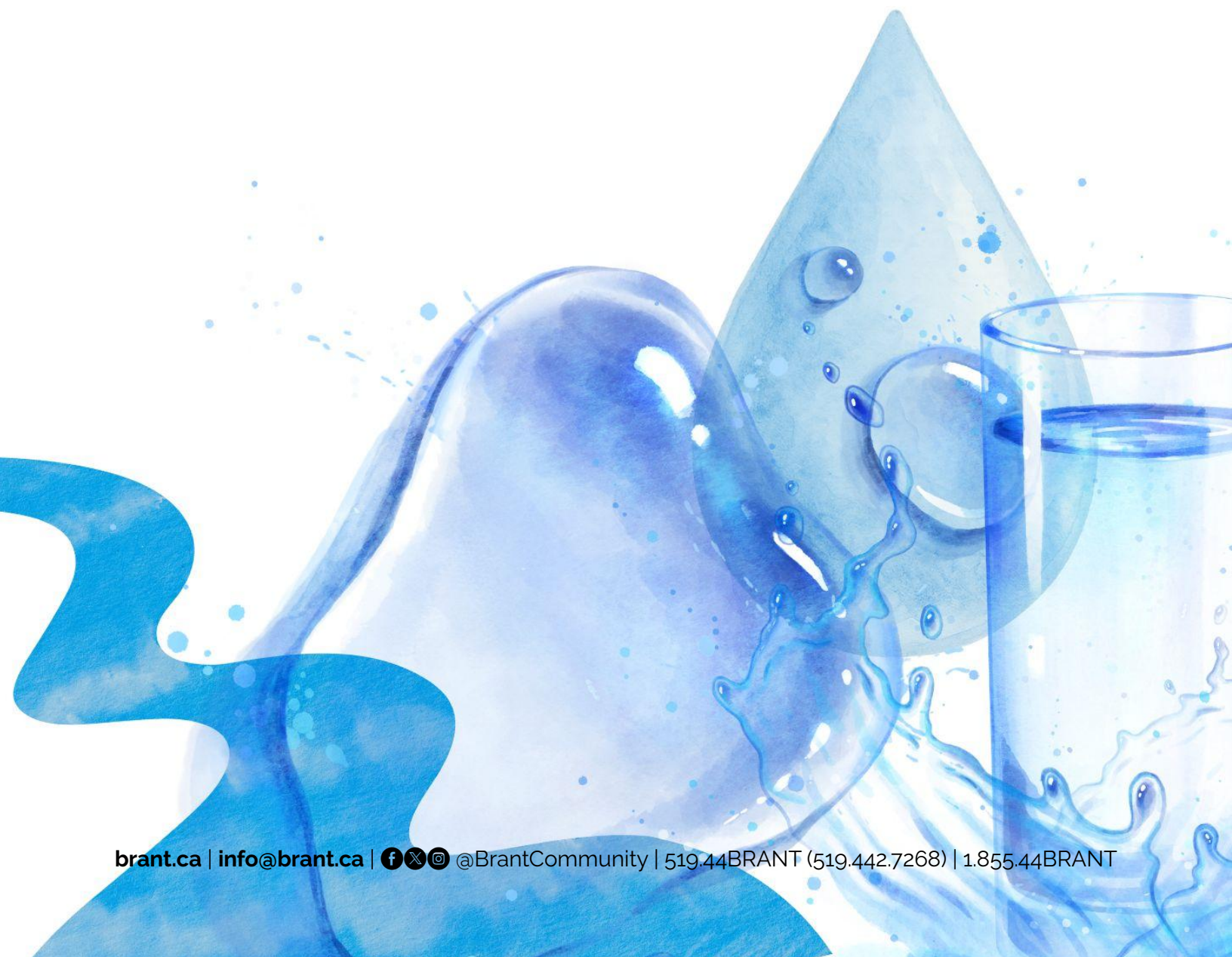


# 2025 Annual Summary Report



## **Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System**



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# 1. General Information

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The County of Brant prepares a report summarizing system operation and water quality for every municipal drinking water system annually. The reports detail the latest water quality testing results, water quantity statistics and any adverse conditions that may have occurred for the previous year, January 1 through December 31. They are available on March 31 on the County website at [www.brant.ca/en/water-services/water-services.aspx](http://www.brant.ca/en/water-services/water-services.aspx) or by contacting the County of Brant Operations Department.

All efforts have been made to ensure the information presented in this report is accurate. If you have any questions or comments concerning the report, please contact the County at the address and phone number listed below or by email at [operations@brant.ca](mailto:operations@brant.ca).

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Drinking Water System:	<b>Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System</b>
Drinking Water System Number:	<b>210000069</b>
Reporting Period:	<b>January 1, 2025 – December 31, 2025</b>

Drinking Water System Owner & Contact Information:  
Corporation of the County of Brant  
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## 1.1 System Description

Located at 328 Ellis Ave the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System (DWS) is a Large Municipal Water System as defined by Ontario Regulation (O.Reg.) 170/03. The Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water system is made up of one (1) pressure zone, 30 kilometres of watermain, 380 residential service connections, 30 commercial service connections and serves a population of approximately 1,067 people.

The Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System consists of two (2) drilled wells completed in the overburden equipped with a vertical turbine pump capable of pumping 26.5 L/s each. Chlorine disinfection is provided to the treatment system through a sodium hypochlorite dosing system and two (2) single cell baffled water storage reservoirs with useable storage of 450 m<sup>3</sup> and 1,450 m<sup>3</sup> respectively. The treatment system also includes two (2) pressure filters for iron and manganese removal complete with backwash system, as well as two (2) 12.5 L/s and three (3) 25 L/s high lift pumps. Mt. Pleasant DWS has emergency standby power for full capacity of the station. This standby power is provided by a 350 kw diesel motor generator.

## 1.2 Major Expenses

In 2025 the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System had operating and maintenance expenditures of nearly \$390,000, which included the following major operating expenses in 2025:

- \$25,000 for a new chlorine pump and board
- \$30,000 for VFD drive installation and programming for the new high-lift pump
- \$16,000 for reservoir piping repair

In addition to the regular operating and maintenance expenditures, the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System incurred costs for safety inspections and cyber security improvements. These upgrades totalled nearly \$40,000 and were cost shared amongst all five (5) Municipal Drinking Water Systems.

## 2. Aquifer Monitoring

This section documents the key aspects of the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System (DWS) groundwater system, including details about the source aquifer monitoring, groundwater quantity, and groundwater quality. Groundwater monitoring is completed in accordance with Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) approvals and to meet all applicable provincial regulations. In addition to the regulatory monitoring the County implements a due diligence monitoring program in support of the groundwater management strategy and source water protection initiatives.

### 2.1 Wellfield and Monitoring Program

The Mt. Pleasant DWS consists of one (1) groundwater wellfield, which contains two (2) production wells that terminate in the upper aquifer (Well one (1) and Well two (2)). The due diligence water monitoring program consists of a total of nine (9) monitoring wells located at three (3) locations. The program monitors both the water quantity and quality of the groundwater resource as delineated by the wellhead protection areas outlined in the Source Protection Plan.

The due diligence monitoring program consists of monthly water level and the collection of semi-annual groundwater samples for analysis of nitrates, nitrite, chloride and sulphate. The purpose of the due diligence monitoring is to detect potential water quality and quantity threats to the groundwater resource as it is occurring in an effort to mitigate the risk before it becomes an irreversible threat.

### 2.2 Groundwater Quantity

Based on the water level, precipitation and pumping data, pumping from the production wells at the Mt. Pleasant DWS has not resulted in long-term changes to groundwater levels or hydraulic gradients measured at the monitoring wells. Gradual decreases have been observed in water levels since 2020 but have been attributed to low precipitation levels and climate conditions. Overall, the Mt. Pleasant DWS has not had a negative impact on the groundwater resource.

### 2.3 Groundwater Quality

The 2025 groundwater quality data at the monitoring wells was consistent with historical results. Chloride concentrations were below the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standard (ODWQS) of 250 mg/L and remained stable for most monitoring wells. One (1) monitoring well screened at an intermediate depth has a chloride concentration close to the ODWQS of 250 mg/L and will be monitored closely to determine the cause. Sodium concentrations were below the ODWQS aesthetic objective of 200 mg/L and remained stable for most monitoring wells. One (1) monitoring well screened at an intermediate depth remains above the Medical Officer of Health limit of 20 mg/L.

In 2025 the nitrate concentrations in two (2) shallow monitoring wells were consistent with historical trends and exceeded the ODWQS of 10 mg/L. The remaining monitoring wells had nitrate concentrations below the ODWQS. The elevated nitrate concentrations in the shallow aquifer are attributed to agricultural operations and the use of subsurface sewage disposal systems.

Sulphate concentrations were below the ODWQS of 500 mg/L at all monitoring wells and have remained generally stable.

## 3. Microbiological Testing

### 3.1 E. coli, Total Coliform, Background (BKG)

Bacteriological tests for E. coli and total coliforms are required weekly from the raw and treated water at the facility and from the distribution system. Extra samples are taken after major repairs or maintenance work. Any E. coli or total coliform results above zero (0) in treated water samples must be reported to the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and Medical Officer of Health (MOH). Resamples and any other required actions are taken as quickly as possible.

Bacteriological tests for BKG bacteria are not regulatory but are done as a due diligence action. Background tests are an indicator of the general bacteria population in a water sample. Background bacteria should be less than 200 colonies per one (1) mL. Results over 200 colonies per one (1) mL may indicate a change in water quality but it is not considered an indicator of unsafe water.

The results from the 2025 sampling program are shown in the table below.

Sample Location	No. of Samples	Range of E.Coli Results (cfu/100ml)	Range of Total Coliform Results (cfu/100ml)	Range of BKG Results (cfu/100ml)
Raw Well 1	52	0-0	0-0	0-0
Raw Well 2	52	0-0	0-0	0-0
Treated	52	0-0	0-0	0-0
Distribution	156	0-0	0-0	0-0

### 3.2 Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC)

HPC analyses are required from the treated and distribution water. The tests are required weekly for treated water and for 25% of the required distribution system bacteriological samples. HPC tests are conducted on ALL raw, treated and distribution samples for due diligence. HPC should be less than 500 colonies per one (1) mL. Results over 500 colonies per one (1) mL may indicate a change in water quality but it is not considered an indicator of unsafe water.

The results from the 2025 sampling program are shown in the table below.

Sample Location	No. of Samples	Range of HPC Results (cfu/1ml)
Raw Well 1	52	0-30
Raw Well 2	52	0-20
Treated	52	0-20
Distribution	156	0-100

## 4. Chemical Testing

The *Safe Drinking Water Act* requires periodic testing of the water for approximately 60 different chemical parameters. The latest results for all parameters are provided in Appendix A. The sampling frequency varies for different types and sizes of water systems and chemical parameters. If the concentration of a parameter is above half of the Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) under the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards, an increased testing frequency of once every three (3) months is required by the Regulation. Where concerns regarding a parameter exist, the MECP can also require additional sampling be undertaken.

Information on the health effects and allowable limits of components in drinking water may be found on the MECP web page through the link provided in Appendix A. Additional information on common chemical parameters specific to the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System is provided below.

### 4.1 Sodium

Sodium levels in drinking water are tested once every five (5) years. The aesthetic objective is 200 mg/L meaning at levels less than this the sodium will not impair the taste of the water. When sodium levels are above 20 mg/L the MECP and MOH are notified.

The last sodium sample taken in the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System was in 2023 and had a result of 45 mg/L. Since sodium levels at the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System are above 20 mg/L, the MECP and MOH have been notified, and impacted residents receive an annual communication of this result.

### 4.2 Hardness

Hardness is an aesthetic parameter that may affect the appearance of the water but is not related to health. Groundwater commonly has high levels of hardness and other minerals from being in contact with geological substrate. Many households have water softeners to help reduce white calcium deposits and improve the efficiency of soaps. This information is included here to help set the water softener at the level recommended by the manufacturer. Samples for hardness are collected at a minimum every three (3) years from raw water.

The hardness of the wells was tested in 2025 and ranged from 310 - 340 mg/L (18.1 – 19.9 grains/gallon).

### 4.3 Additional Testing Required by MECP

The latest Municipal Drinking Water License for this system requires Total Suspended Solids (TSS) sampling from the filter's backwash equalization tank monthly. These samples have no effect on the quality of the drinking water entering our water distribution system but is required for operational monitoring.

## 5. Operational Monitoring

### 5.1 Chlorine Residual

Free chlorine levels of the treated water are monitored continuously at the discharge point of the Water Treatment Facility. In the distribution system, free chlorine is measured daily at various locations. As a critical control limit, free chlorine residual within the distribution system should be above 0.3 mg/L. A free chlorine level lower than 0.05 mg/L must be reported and corrective action taken. There were no reportable incidents in 2025. A summary of the chlorine residual readings is provided in the table below.

Sample Location	Number of Samples or Monitoring Frequency	Range of Results (mg/L)
Treated – Discharge Point	Continuous	0.64 – 1.24
Distribution	717	0.43 – 1.11

### 5.2 Turbidity

Turbidity of treated water is continuously monitored at the treatment facilities as a change in turbidity can indicate an operational problem. As a minimum, turbidity for each well is required to be tested monthly. Turbidity is measured in nephelometric turbidity units (NTU). Under *O.Reg. 170/03* turbidity in groundwater from a secure well or a well with effective in-situ filtration is not reportable however turbidity should be < 1 NTU at the treatment plant and < 5 NTU in the distribution system. A summary of the monitoring results for 2025 is provided in the table below.

Sample Location	Number of Samples	Range of Results (NTU)
Well 1 - Raw Manual	12	0.07-0.21
Well 2 - Raw Manual	12	0.07-0.20

## 6. Water Quantity

Continuous monitoring of flow rates from supply wells into the treatment system and from the Water Treatment Facility into the distribution system are required by *O.Reg. 170/03*.

The Municipal Drinking Water License and Permit to Take Water (PTTW) issued by the MECP regulate the amount of water that can be treated and taken over a given time period. A summary of the 2025 flows is provided in the table below and presented graphically in Appendix B.

<b>Permit to Take Water (m<sup>3</sup>/day)</b>	<b>2025 Max Daily Taking (m<sup>3</sup>/day)</b>	<b>2025 Average Daily Taking (m<sup>3</sup>/day)</b>	<b>2025 Total Yearly Taking (m<sup>3</sup>/year)</b>
2,290	1,587*	629	229,658

\* The max daily taking occurred as a result of an auto flusher malfunction. The max daily taking outside of that incident was 1,255 m<sup>3</sup>, which represents 55% of the allowable daily taking.

Pumping from the Mt. Pleasant DWS was conducted in compliance with the maximum daily pumping volumes permitted by the Permit to Take Water (PTTW) of 2,290 m<sup>3</sup>/day. A total of 229,658 m<sup>3</sup> of water was pumped from the Mt. Pleasant DWS in 2025, which represents 27% of the allowable annual water taking, and the maximum daily taking was 1,587 m<sup>3</sup>, which represents 69% of the allowable daily water taking.

<b>Municipal Drinking Water Licence (m<sup>3</sup>/day)</b>	<b>2025 Max Daily Flow (m<sup>3</sup>/day)</b>	<b>2025 Average Daily Flow (m<sup>3</sup>/day)</b>	<b>2025 Total Yearly Flow (m<sup>3</sup>/year)</b>
2,290	1,559*	564	205,708

\* The max daily flow occurred as a result of an auto flusher malfunction. The max daily flow outside of that incident was 1,103m<sup>3</sup>, which represents 48% of the MDWL Rated Capacity.

The Municipal Drinking Water License (MDWL) Rated Capacity for the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System is 2,290 m<sup>3</sup>/day. A total of 205,708 m<sup>3</sup> of water was supplied by the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System in 2025, which represents 25% of the MDWL Rated Capacity. The maximum daily flow in 2025 was 1,559 m<sup>3</sup>/day, which represents 68% of the MDWL Rated Capacity and the average daily flow of 562 m<sup>3</sup>/day is 25% of the MDWL Rated Capacity.

As noted in previous years, although the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System has available treatment and supply capacity to support future growth in this community, the maximum daily flows to support the users, including substantial demand at the Bulk Fill Station, is limiting the ability for growth in this community. This is primarily an issue through the months of May through August as seen below in Appendix B. The County has implemented a tiered rate structure as well as a Water Conservation Program in an effort to alleviate the water consumption pressures.

In 2024 and the beginning of 2025, the County successfully transferred the water distribution system in Tutela Heights to the City of Brantford as required by the 2017 Boundary Adjustment Agreement. The County transferred 309 residential water users to the City of Brantford. This transfer has freed up 25% of the water system capacity in Mt. Pleasant, as compared to 2024. It is anticipated that once the Burtch watermain replacement is complete, distribution system flushing activities will be reduced thereby releasing more water system capacity to support future growth.

## 7. Non-Compliance Findings and Adverse Results

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This section documents any known incidents of non-compliance or adverse results, and the associated correction actions taken to resolve the issue. Non-compliance issues are typically identified by either the Operating Authority or the MECP Drinking Water Inspectors. The issues and associated required actions are documented by the Inspectors in the system's Annual Inspection Report. All non-compliance issues are investigated, corrective actions taken and documented using the County's Drinking Water Quality Management System (DWQMS) procedures.

### 7.1 Non-Compliance Findings

An MECP drinking water system inspection was conducted on November 17, 2025. There was one (1) non-compliance finding associated with production well maintenance. This finding was resolved immediately and required no further follow-up action.

The County received a Final Inspection Rating from the MECP of 96.88%.

### 7.2 Adverse Results

Any adverse results from bacteriological, chemical samples or observations of operational conditions that indicate adverse water quality are reported as required and corrective actions are taken. There were no adverse or reportable occurrences in 2025.

# Appendix A: Summary of Chemical Results

## Understanding Chemical Test Results

The following tables summarize the laboratory results of the chemical testing the County is required to complete. Parameters are required to be tested at frequencies as noted below. Explanations on the health impacts of these parameters can be found in the MECP document PSIB 4449e01 titled "Technical Support Document for Ontario Drinking Water Standards, Objectives and Guidelines" available at [https://cvc.ca/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/std01\\_079707.pdf](https://cvc.ca/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/std01_079707.pdf).

Results are shown as concentrations with units of either milligrams per litre (mg/L) or micrograms per litre (µg/L). 1 mg/L is equal to 1000 µg/L. The Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) is the highest amount of a parameter that is acceptable in Municipal drinking water and can be found in the MECP Drinking Water Standards. The aesthetic objective (A/O) is established for parameters that may impair the taste, odour or colour of water or which may interfere with good quality control practices. For parameters that the Technical Support Document for Ontario Drinking Water Standards, Objectives and Guidelines have not established either a MAC or an A/O, a "-" will indicate this. A result of "ND" stands for "Not Detected" and means that the concentration of the chemical is lower than level that the laboratory equipment is capable of measuring.

**Table 1 – Nitrite and Nitrate**

Nitrate and nitrite samples are required every three (3) months from the treatment system in normal operation.

Parameter	Sample Date (mm/dd/yy)	Result (mg/L)	MAC (mg/L)	Exceedance
<b>Nitrite (as N)</b>	02/03/25	ND	1.0	No
	05/02/25	ND	1.0	No
	08/11/25	ND	1.0	No
	11/04/25	ND	1.0	No
<b>Nitrate (as N)</b>	02/03/25	0.70	10.0	No
	05/02/25	0.58	10.0	No
	08/11/25	0.79	10.0	No
	11/04/25	0.82	10.0	No

**Table 2 – Trihalomethane and Haloacetic Acids**

Trihalomethane (THM) and total Haloacetic Acids (HAA) are by-products of the disinfection process. The samples are required every three (3) months from the distribution system.

Parameter	Sample Location	Sample Date (mm/dd/yy)	Result (mg/L)	MAC (mg/L)	Exceedance
<b>THM</b>	CKPC Rd Sample STN	02/04/25	9.88	100	No
	Burtch Rd Sample STN	02/04/25	6.14	100	No
	HYD 1-078	08/03/25	7.34	100	No
	34 Woodside Sample STN	11/04/25	19.0	100	No
<b>HAA</b>	CKPC Rd Sample STN	02/04/25	ND	80	No
	Burtch Rd Sample STN	05/02/25	ND	80	No
	HYD 1-078	08/11/25	ND	80	No
	34 Woodside Sample STN	11/04/25	ND	80	No

**Table 3 – Sodium and Fluoride**

Testing of fluoride and sodium is required every five (5) years from the treatment system.

Parameter	Sample Date (mm/dd/yy)	Result (mg/L)	MAC (mg/L)	A/O (mg/L)	Exceedance
Fluoride	01/05/23	0.12	1.5	-	No
Sodium	01/05/23	45	20	200	Yes

\*Sodium levels between 20 – 200 mg/L must be reported every five (5) years.

\*\*Natural levels of fluoride greater than 1.5 mg/L must be reported every five (5) years.

**Table 4 – Alkalinity, pH and Lead**

The following Table summarizes the most recent results for the Lead Testing Program, having been conducted in 2024. Lead samples are taken every three (3) years from the distribution system. Levels of alkalinity and pH are monitored twice per year in the distribution system to ensure water quality is consistent and does not facilitate leaching of lead into the water.

Parameter	Sample Year	Number of Samples	Result Range (Min – Max)	MAC	A/O (mg/L)	Operational Target	Exceedance
Distribution Alkalinity (mg/L)	2025	4	250-250	-	-	30-500	-
Distribution pH	2025	4	7.93-8.23	-	6.5-8.5	-	-
Distribution Lead (ug/L)	2023	4	ND-0.0023	10	-	-	No

**Table 5 – Schedule 23 Inorganic Parameters**

The following Table summarizes the most recent test results for Schedule 23. Testing is required every three (3) years for the secure, non-GUDI wells in the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System.

Parameter	Sample Date (mm/dd/yy)	Result	Unit of Measure	MAC	A/O	Exceedance
Antimony	01/05/23	ND	mg/L	0.006	-	No
Arsenic	01/05/23	ND	mg/L	0.01	-	No
Barium	01/05/23	0.045	mg/L	1.0	-	No
Boron	01/05/23	0.016	mg/L	5.0	-	No
Cadmium	01/05/23	ND	mg/L	0.005	-	No
Chromium	01/05/23	ND	mg/L	0.05	-	No
Mercury	01/05/23	ND	mg/L	0.001	-	No
Selenium	01/05/23	ND	mg/L	0.05	-	No
Uranium	01/05/23	0.0010	mg/L	0.02	-	No

**Table 5 – Schedule 24 Organic Parameters**

The following Table summarizes the Organic parameters in Schedule 24 sampled during this reporting period or the most recent sample results. Testing is required every three (3) years for the secure, non-GUDI wells in the Mt. Pleasant Drinking Water System.

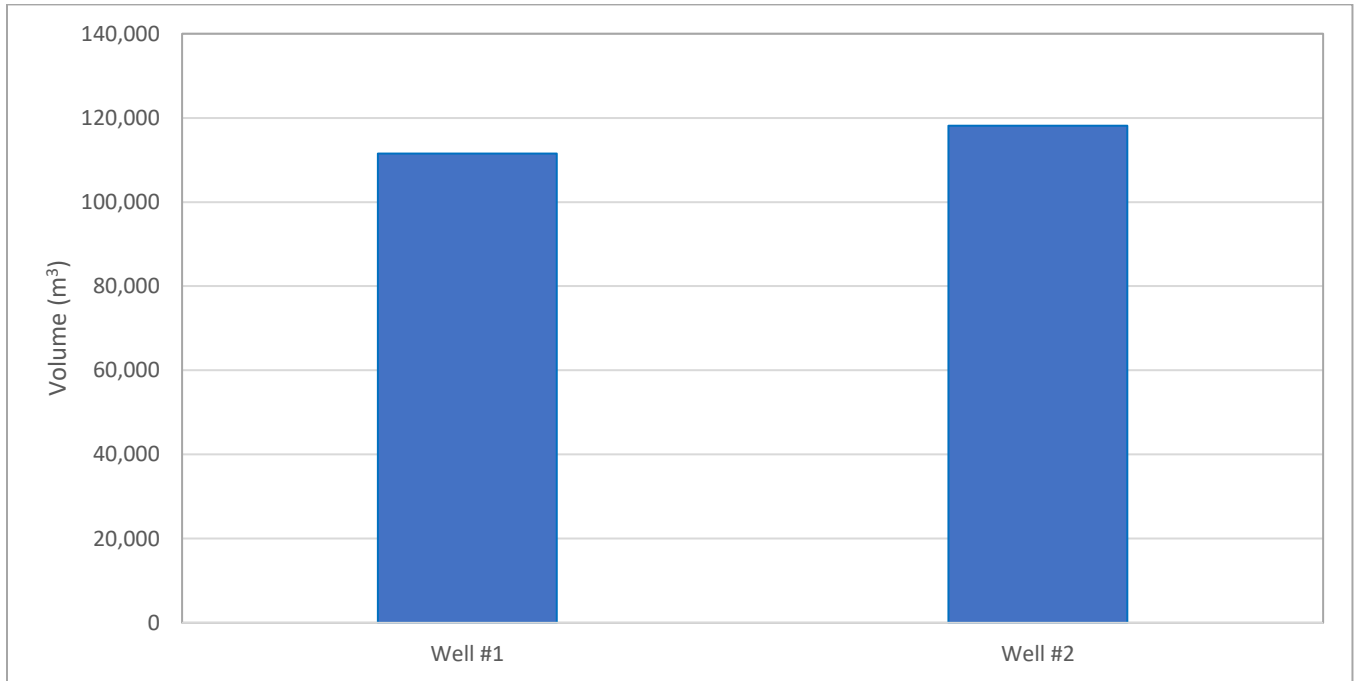
Parameter	Sample Date (mm/dd/yy)	Result Value	Unit of Measure	MAC	A/O	Exceedance
<b>1,1-Dichloroethylene</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	14	-	No
<b>1,2-Dichlorobenzene</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	200	-	No
<b>1,2-Dichloroethane</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	5	-	No
<b>1,4-Dichlorobenzene</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	5	-	No
<b>2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	100	-	No
<b>2,4,6-Trichlorophenol</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	5	-	No
<b>2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4-D)</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	100	-	No
<b>2-4 Dichlorophenol</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	900	-	No
<b>Alachlor</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	5	-	No
<b>Aroclor 1016</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
<b>Aroclor 1221</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
<b>Aroclor 1232</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
<b>Aroclor 1242</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
<b>Aroclor 1248</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
<b>Aroclor 1254</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
<b>Aroclor 1260</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
<b>Atrazine</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
<b>Atrazine + N-dealkylated metabolites (Atrazine+Desethyl-atrazine)</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	5	-	No
<b>Benzene</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	1	-	No
<b>Benzo(a)pyrene</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	0.01	-	No
<b>Bromoxynil</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	5	-	No
<b>Carbaryl</b>	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	90	-	No

Parameter	Sample Date (mm/dd/yy)	Result Value	Unit of Measure	MAC	A/O	Exceedance
Carbofuran	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	90	-	No
Carbon Tetrachloride	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	2	-	No
Chlorobenzene	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	80	-	No
Chlorpyrifos	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	90	-	No
Desethyl-atrazine	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	No
Diazinon	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	20	-	No
Dicamba	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	120	-	No
Diclofop-methyl	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	9	-	No
Dimethoate	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	20	-	No
Diquat	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	70	-	No
Diuron	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	150	-	No
Ethylbenzene	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	140	2.4	No
Glyphosate	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	280	-	No
Guthion	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	20	-	No
Malathion	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	190	-	No
MCPA	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	100	-	No
Methylene Chloride	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	50	-	No
Metolachlor	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	50	-	No
Metribuzin	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	80	-	No
Paraquat	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	10	-	No
Pentachlorophenol	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	60	-	No
Phorate	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	2	-	No
Picloram	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	190	-	No
Total PCB	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	3	-	No
Prometryne	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	1	-	No
Simazine	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	10	-	No
Terbufos	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	1	-	No
Tetrachloroethylene	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	10	-	No

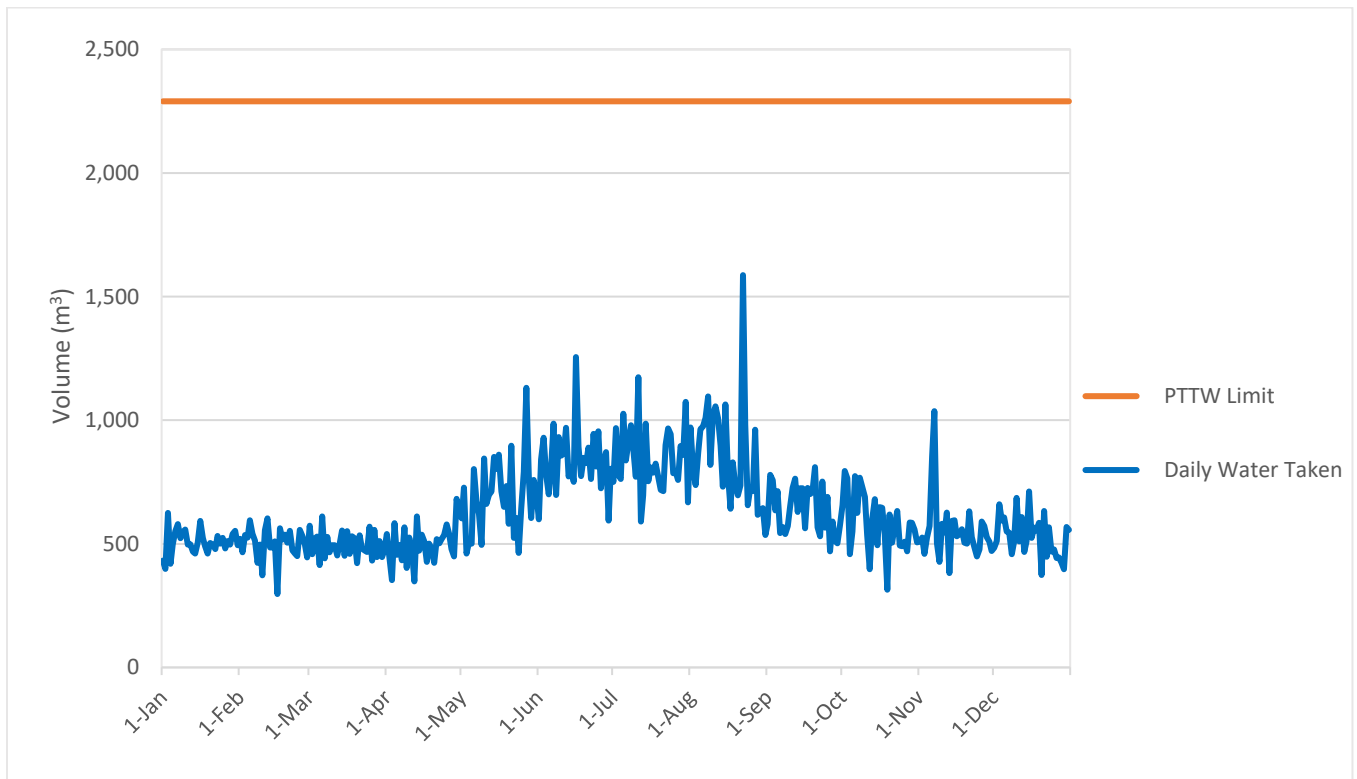
Parameter	Sample Date (mm/dd/yy)	Result Value	Unit of Measure	MAC	A/O	Exceedance
Toluene	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	60	24	No
Triallate	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	230	-	No
Trichloroethylene	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	5	-	No
Trifluralin	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	45	-	No
Vinyl Chloride	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	1	-	No
o-Xylene	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-
p+m-Xylene	01/05/23	ND	ug/L	-	-	-

# Appendix B: Water Quantity Summary

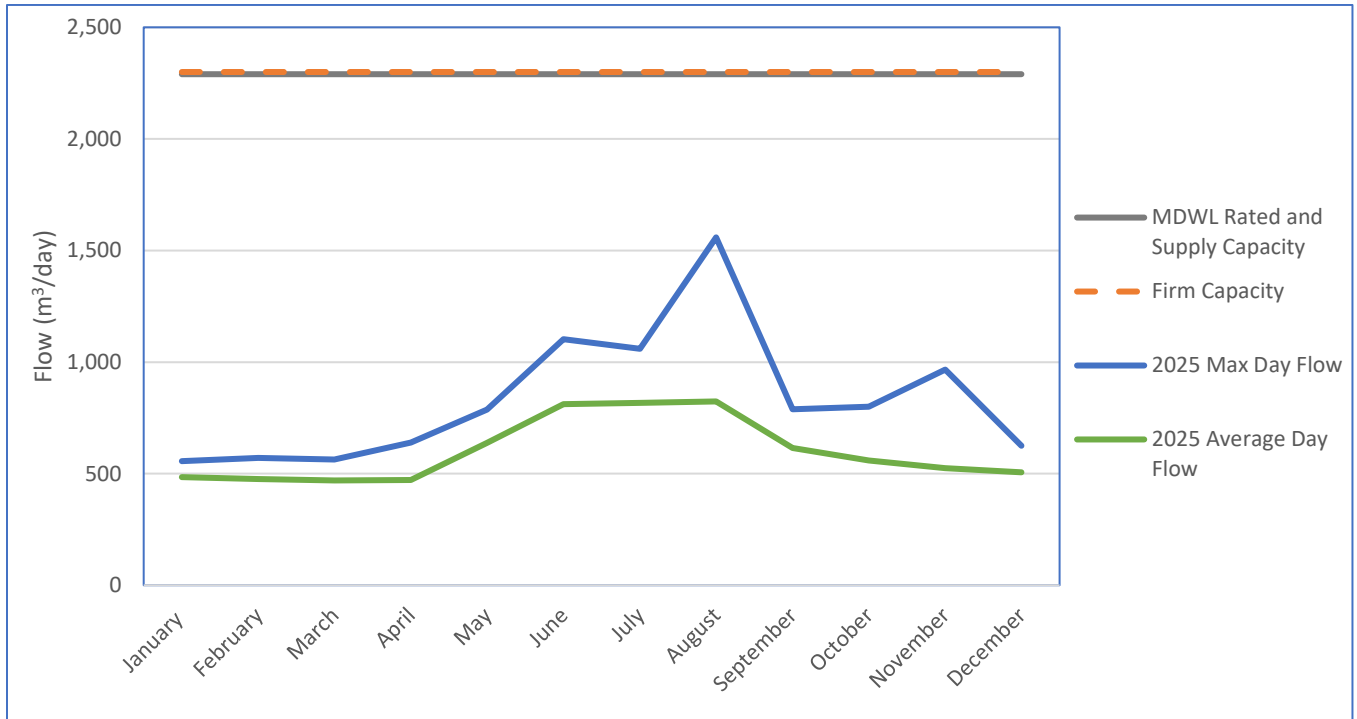
**Figure 1 - 2025 Total Production by Well (m<sup>3</sup>)**



**Figure 2 - 2025 Total Daily Water Taking (m<sup>3</sup>)**



**Figure 3 - 2025 Average vs Maximum Daily Flow Rates**



**Figure 4 - 2025 Daily Flow Rates**

